

```

In[1]:= v1 = 334;
G = 6.75 * Power[10, -11];

$$M = 5.965 * Power[10, 24];$$


$$w = 2 * Pi / 24 / 3600;$$

R = 6371000;
time = 70;
latitude = Pi / 6;
eqns = {z''[t] == -z[t] * G * M / (z[t]^2 + y[t]^2)^{(3/2)},  

y''[t] == -y[t] * G * M / (z[t]^2 + y[t]^2)^{(3/2)}, z[0] == 0,  

y[0] == R, z'[0] == w * R * Cos[latitude], y'[0] == 334}

```

$$\text{Out}[1]= \left\{ z''[t] = -\frac{4.02638 \times 10^{14} z[t]}{(y[t]^2 + z[t]^2)^{3/2}}, y''[t] = -\frac{4.02638 \times 10^{14} y[t]}{(y[t]^2 + z[t]^2)^{3/2}}, z[0] = 0, y[0] = 6371000, z'[0] = \frac{31855 \pi}{144 \sqrt{3}}, y'[0] = 334 \right\}$$

```

In[2]:= s = NDSolve[eqns, {y[t], z[t]}, {t, 0, time}]

```

数值求解微分方程组

```

Out[2]= {y[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 70.}} Output: scalar ] [t],  

z[t] → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 70.}} Output: scalar ] [t] } }

```

```

In[3]:= ss = NDSolve[eqns, {z, y}, {t, 0, 70}]

```

.. 求解微分方程

```

Out[3]= {z → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 70.}} Output: scalar ],  

y → InterpolatingFunction[ Domain: {{0., 70.}} Output: scalar ] } }

```

```

In[4]:= ParametricPlot[Evaluate[{z[t], y[t]} /. s], {R * Cos[u], R * Sin[u]}],  


```

绘制参数图

计算

余弦

正弦

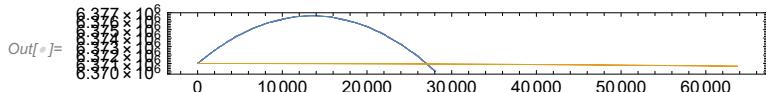
```

{t, 0, time}, {u, Pi/2 - 0.01, Pi/2}

```

圆周率

圆周率



```
In[7]:= f[x_] = Sqrt[Evaluate[z[t] /. s]^2 + Evaluate[y[t] /. s]^2] - R;
          ...   计算           计算
```

```
In[8]:= Plot[f[t], {t, 67, time}]
          绘图
```

```
In[9]:= Plot[f[t], {t, 0, time}, PlotPoints → 75, MaxRecursion → 5]
          绘图       绘图点      最大递推
```

```
In[10]:= NSolve[f[t] == 0 && t > 0 && t < 100, t, Reals]
          数值求解      实数域
```

```
In[11]:= y[67.65] /. s
```

```
In[12]:= t := 67.65;
bbb := Evaluate[z[t] /. s];
ccc := Evaluate[y[t] /. s];
(Pi/2 - ArcTan[bbb, ccc])/w
          圆周率    反正切
```

Out[<sup>12</sup>]= {67.5701}

```
In[13]:= g[t_] := Sqrt[(Evaluate[z[t] /. s] - R * Cos[Pi/2 - w*t]) * 2 +
          平方根     计算
          (Evaluate[y[t] /. s] - R * Sin[Pi/2 - w*t]) * 2];
          计算           正弦     圆周率
```

```
In[14]:= Plot[g[t], {t, 50, 60}]
          绘图
```

